

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

SALZBURG GLOBAL SEMINAR, INC.

DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008

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Reznick Group, P.C. 7700 Old Georgetown Road Suite 400 Bethesda, MD 20814-6224 Tel: (301) 652-9100

Regard Group, P.C.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Salzburg Global Seminar, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial position of Salzburg Global Seminar, Inc. as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Seminar's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the 2009 or 2008 financial statements of the foreign operations that occurred in Salzburg, Austria, which statements reflect total assets of \$7,728,597 and \$9,138,857 as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and the total change in net assets of \$1,389,616 and \$2,024,782, respectively, for the years then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the foreign operations, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Salzburg Global Seminar, Inc. as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the results of its activities and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Bethesda, Maryland June 9, 2010

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

December 31, 2009 and 2008

ASSETS

| | | 2009 | | 2008 | | | | | | |
|---|----|---------------------------------|----|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable and other assets Pledges receivable, net of discount Investments (of which \$13,762,918 and \$13,836,112 is pledged as collateral for loans as of | \$ | 320,273 472,639 1,595,726 | \$ | 259,724 687,842 2,746,285 | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively) | | 17,971,921 | | 16,881,715 | | | | | | |
| Property and equipment, net | | 5,035,038 | | 5,152,870 | | | | | | |
| Total assets | \$ | 25,395,597 | \$ | 25,728,436 | | | | | | |
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ | 1,912,480 | \$ | 1,940,293 | | | | | | |
| Line of credit | | 7,136,648 | | 6,576,801 | | | | | | |
| Bank overdraft facility | | 1,017,005 | | 917,099 | | | | | | |
| Notes payable | | 4,846,683 | | 4,897,290 | | | | | | |
| Total liabilities | | 14,912,816 | | 14,331,483 | | | | | | |
| Net assets (deficit) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | | (12,439,421) | | (12,202,465) | | | | | | |
| Temporarily restricted | | 5,685,047 | | 6,779,578 | | | | | | |
| Permanently restricted | | 17,237,155 | | 16,819,840 | | | | | | |
| Total net assets (deficit) | | 10,482,781 | | 11,396,953 | | | | | | |
| Total liabilities and net assets (deficit) | \$ | 25,395,597 | \$ | 25,728,436 | | | | | | |

See accompanying notes to financial statements

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended December 31, 2009 (with comparative totals for 2008)

| | Unrestricted | | Temporarily restricted | | Permanently restricted | | 2009 | | | 2008 |
|--|--------------|------------|------------------------|-------------|------------------------|------------|------|------------|----|-------------|
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Individual | \$ | 484,682 | \$ | 396,962 | \$ | 2,533 | \$ | 884,177 | \$ | 1,001,080 |
| Corporate | | 80,439 | | 32,561 | | - | | 113,000 | · | 116,174 |
| Foundation | | 613,315 | | 1,014,679 | | 148,316 | | 1,776,310 | | 3,466,289 |
| Government | | 111,681 | | 114,518 | | - | | 226,199 | | 841,665 |
| Participant funded tuition | | 1,127,440 | | - | | - | | 1,127,440 | | 1,368,369 |
| Conference income | | 1,281,470 | | - | | - | | 1,281,470 | | 1,118,176 |
| Investment return | | 1,670,312 | | 168,133 | | 151,539 | | 1,989,984 | | (4,538,793) |
| Other income | | 86,421 | | - | | - | | 86,421 | | 136,588 |
| Net foreign currency transaction gain (loss) Net assets released from restriction and | | 459,573 | | (1,109) | | (31,378) | | 427,086 | | (21,834) |
| reclassification | | 2,755,809 | | (2,823,135) | | 67,326 | | | | - |
| Total revenues | | 8,671,142 | | (1,097,391) | | 338,336 | | 7,912,087 | | 3,487,714 |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | | | |
| Wages and benefits | | 4,784,030 | | - | | - | | 4,784,030 | | 5,381,216 |
| Travel | | 582,955 | | - | | - | | 582,955 | | 1,013,032 |
| Office | | 430,708 | | - | | - | | 430,708 | | 459,890 |
| Publications | | 40,539 | | - | | - | | 40,539 | | 14,487 |
| Meierhof and Schloss building operating | | | | | | | | | | |
| cost | | 910,225 | | - | | - | | 910,225 | | 902,421 |
| Taxes | | 69,185 | | - | | - | | 69,185 | | 70,003 |
| Professional fees | | 442,770 | | - | | - | | 442,770 | | 582,297 |
| Interest and bank fees | | 364,172 | | - | | - | | 364,172 | | 530,142 |
| Miscellaneous | | 432,852 | | - | | - | | 432,852 | | 496,876 |
| Depreciation | | 396,683 | | - | | | | 396,683 | | 409,201 |
| Total expenses | | 8,454,119 | | _ | | | | 8,454,119 | | 9,859,565 |
| Change in net assets before foreign | | | | | | | | | | |
| currency translation adjustments | | 217,023 | | (1,097,391) | | 338,336 | | (542,032) | | (6,371,851) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | | (453,979) | | 2,860 | | 78,979 | | (372,140) | | (418,346) |
| Change in net assets | | (236,956) | | (1,094,531) | | 417,315 | | (914,172) | | (6,790,197) |
| Net assets at beginning of year | (1 | 2,202,465) | | 6,779,578 | | 16,819,840 | | 11,396,953 | | 18,187,150 |
| Net assets at end of year | \$ (1 | 2,439,421) | \$ | 5,685,047 | \$ | 17,237,155 | \$ | 10,482,781 | \$ | 11,396,953 |

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES - CONTINUED

Year ended December 31, 2008

| | Unrestricted | | Temporarily Restricted | | Permanently Restricted | | 2008 |
|---|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|------------|------------------|
| Revenues | | | | | | | |
| Individual | \$ | 585,949 | \$ | 395,349 | \$ | 19,782 | \$ 1,001,080 |
| Corporate | | 91,010 | · | 25,164 | · | - | 116,174 |
| Foundation | | 1,464,060 | | 2,002,229 | | - | 3,466,289 |
| Government | | 491,258 | | 350,407 | | - | 841,665 |
| Participant funded tuition | | 1,368,369 | | - | | - | 1,368,369 |
| Conference income | | 1,118,176 | | - | | - | 1,118,176 |
| Investment return | | (3,484,177) | | (648,263) | | (406,353) | (4,538,793) |
| Other income | | 135,253 | | 1,335 | | - | 136,588 |
| Net foreign currency transaction gain | | (39,142) | | 6,825 | | 10,483 | (21,834) |
| Net assets released from restriction and reclassification | | 1,967,755 | | (1,976,155) | | 8,400 | - |
| Total revenues | | 3,698,511 | | 156,891 | | (367,688) | 3,487,714 |
| Expenses | | | | | | | |
| Wages and benefits | | 5,381,216 | | - | | - | 5,381,216 |
| Travel | | 1,013,032 | | - | | - | 1,013,032 |
| Office | | 459,890 | | - | | - | 459,890 |
| Publications | | 14,487 | | - | | - | 14,487 |
| Meierhof and Schloss building operating cost | | 902,421 | | - | | - | 902,421 |
| Taxes | | 70,003 | | - | | - | 70,003 |
| Professional fees | | 582,297 | | - | | - | 582,297 |
| Interest and bank fees | | 530,142 | | - | | - | 530,142 |
| Miscellaneous | | 496,876 | | - | | - | 496,876 |
| Depreciation | | 409,201 | | | | - | 409,201 |
| Total expenses | | 9,859,565 | | | | | 9,859,565 |
| Change in net assets before foreign | | | | | | | |
| currency translation adjustments | | (6,161,054) | | 156,891 | | (367,688) | (6,371,851) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | | (218,958) | | (22,411) | | (176,977) | (418,346) |
| Change in net assets | | (6,380,012) | | 134,480 | | (544,665) | (6,790,197) |
| Net assets at beginning of year | | (5,822,453) | | 6,645,098 | | 17,364,505 | 18,187,150 |
| Net assets at end of year | \$ (| (12,202,465) | \$ | 6,779,578 | \$ | 16,819,840 | \$ 11,396,953 |

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

| | 2009 | 2008 | | |
|---|-----------------|------|-------------|--|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | | |
| Change in net assets | \$ (914,172) | \$ | (6,790,197) | |
| Adjustments to reconcile changes in net assets to net | | | | |
| cash used in operating activities | | | | |
| Depreciation | 396,683 | | 409,201 | |
| Loss on disposal of property and equipment | - | | 14,129 | |
| Realized and unrealized depreciation (appreciation) | (2,083,585) | | 5,603,200 | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | 372,140 | | 418,346 | |
| Foreign currency (gain) on long-term debt | (3,335) | | 251,211 | |
| Bad debt | 2,471 | | - | |
| Changes in cash based on change in | | | | |
| Pledges receivable | 1,150,559 | | (842,934) | |
| Accounts receivable and other assets | 253,204 | | (184,887) | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | (99,917) | | 57,971 | |
| Contributions restricted for long-term investment | (186,797) | | (38,665) | |
| Interest and dividends restricted for long-term investment | (151,539) | | 406,353 | |
| Net cash used in operating activities | (1,264,288) | | (696,272) | |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | | |
| Purchase of investments | (358,635) | | (939,683) | |
| Proceeds from sales of investments | 1,419,445 | | 924,356 | |
| Purchase of property and equipment | (161,643) | | (145,920) | |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | 899,167 | | (161,247) | |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | | |
| Contributions, interest and dividends restricted for long-term investment | 338,336 | | (367,688) | |
| Change in bank overdraft facility | 100,144 | | 139,157 | |
| Change in bank overdraft (included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities) | 48,309 | | ´- | |
| Net proceeds from borrowings on line of credit | 559,847 | | 1,480,880 | |
| Principal payments on long-term debt | (177,912) | | (15,885) | |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 868,724 | | 1,236,464 | |
| Effect of exchange rates on cash | (443,054) | | (228,904) | |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 60,549 | | 150,041 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 259,724 | | 109,683 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$ 320,273 | \$ | 259,724 | |
| Supplemental data | | | | |
| Supplemental data Interest paid | \$ 364,172 | \$ | 530,142 | |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2009 and 2008

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Activities and Organization

The Salzburg Global Seminar, Inc. (the Seminar) is an independent, not-for-profit educational organization incorporated in 1947. The purpose of the Seminar is the study, at the highest level, of contemporary problems of worldwide scope. The Seminar is administered from its offices in Washington, D.C. and Middlebury, Vermont. In addition, the Seminar has teaching and conference facilities in Austria. The financial statements of each location have been combined and all significant transactions between locations have been eliminated.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis and in accordance with the reporting principles of Not-for-Profit accounting. Accounting standards require that unconditional promises to give (pledges) be recorded as receivables and revenues within the appropriate net asset category. Authoritative accounting guidance has established standards for general-purpose external financial statements of not-for-profit organizations, including a statement of financial position, a statement of activities, and a statement of cash flows. This requires classification of net assets and its revenues, expenses, gains, and losses into three categories, based on the existence or absence of externally imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets of the Seminar are classified and defined as follows:

<u>Unrestricted</u>

Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net assets may be designated for specific purposes by action of the Board of Directors.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

Temporarily Restricted

Net assets whose use is limited by law or donor-imposed stipulations that will either expire with the passage of time or be fulfilled or removed by actions of the Seminar.

Permanently Restricted

Reflects gifts (and in certain circumstances earnings from those gifts), subject to donor-imposed stipulations, which require the corpus to be invested in perpetuity to produce income for general or specific purposes.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, cash on deposit with financial institutions and money market accounts, excluding cash equivalents held as investments. Highly liquid instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less are classified as cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable and Bad Debts

Trade accounts receivables are charged to bad debt expense when they are determined to be uncollectible based upon a periodic review of the accounts by management. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the allowance method be used to recognize bad debts; however, the effect of using the direct write-off method is not materially different from the results that would have been obtained under the allowance method.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market value. Cost is determined using the last in, first-out method. The inventory balances mainly consist of souvenirs, food and beverages and is included in accounts receivable and other assets. Usage is expensed to miscellaneous expenses.

Pledges Receivable and Bad Debts

Pledges receivable are recorded at the present value of estimated future cash flows using a discount rate equal to the risk free rate of return for U.S. Treasury Bills. Pledges greater than \$5,000 with a time period over one year are discounted. The Seminar provides an allowance

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

for uncollectible pledges receivable based on the estimated collectability of pledges. As of December 31, 2009 and 2008, management estimates that no allowance for uncollectible pledges is necessary.

Investments

Investments in equity and debt securities are reported at fair value at quoted market prices. Investment return includes interest and dividends, realized gains or losses, and changes in unrealized appreciation (depreciation), and is presented in the statements of activities based on donor restrictions. Realized gains/losses and changes in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) are added to or deducted from unrestricted, temporarily and permanently restricted net assets, as appropriate, and gains can be expended under statutes governing use of fund appreciation. The specific cost of investments sold is used to determine the basis for computing realized gains or losses.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, including major renewals and improvements, are carried at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The carrying amount of assets sold or otherwise disposed of and the related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the financial statements in the year of disposal, and the resulting gain or loss is credited or charged to the change in net assets, included in miscellaneous expense. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred; renewals and betterments are capitalized.

The Seminar reviews its property and equipment for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. When recovery is reviewed, if the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by the property are less than its carrying amount, management compares the carrying amount of the property to its fair value in order to determine whether an impairment loss has occurred. The amount of the impairment loss is equal to the excess of the asset's carrying value over its estimated fair value. No impairment loss has been recognized during the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008.

Severance Pay

Under Austrian law, Austrian employees, upon retirement or certain other terminations, are entitled to up to one year's salary dependent upon length of service. The cost is accrued over

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

the active service period of the employees. The estimated liability has been included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the financial statements (see note 7).

Revenue Recognition

Contributions received to fund specific seminars are included in revenue when received or pledged. Gifts of cash and other noncapital assets are reported as temporarily restricted revenue if the gifts are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when the earlier of stipulated time restriction ends or the purpose of the restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restriction.

Gifts of cash and pledges to be invested in property and equipment are reported as temporarily restricted net assets until the property and equipment is placed in service.

Temporarily restricted contributions and gifts received and expended for the restricted purpose of the contribution and gifts in the same fiscal year are recorded as unrestricted net assets. Donated noncash assets are recorded at estimated fair value on the date of the gift.

A significant portion of the Seminar's revenue is derived through contributions from foundations, corporations and individuals. The Seminar is dependent on these contributions to carry out its operating activities.

Conference revenue is recognized when the conference or event is held, or a hotel guest stays at the facility and is reported as unrestricted revenue.

Foreign Currency Translation

In accordance with accounting guidance for foreign currency translation, the effects of translation rate changes related to net assets denominated in Euros are recorded as foreign currency translation adjustments rather than in revenues and expenses. Transaction gains and losses are included in revenue as foreign currency translation gains or losses. The functional currency of the Austrian operation is the Euro. The year-end rate used for conversion as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 was 0.6928 and 0.7096, respectively. The weighted average rate used for conversion of the activities during 2009 and 2008 was 0.7169 and 0.6799, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

Foreign Exchange Contracts

The Seminar's foreign exchange contracts are reported at fair market value. Gains or losses in fair value on forward contracts are recognized in earnings monthly and are included in other income (expense).

Taxes

The Seminar is exempt from U.S. income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, but is subject to certain taxes in Austria and U.S. personal property tax.

The Seminar evaluates its uncertain tax positions using the provisions of authoritative guidance. Accordingly, a loss contingency is recognized when it is probable that a liability has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The amount recognized is subject to estimate and management judgment with respect to the likely outcome of each uncertain tax position. The amount that is ultimately sustained for an individual uncertain tax position, or for all uncertain tax positions in the aggregate, could differ from the amount recognized. The Seminar has no uncertain tax positions as of December 31, 2009 and 2008.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Seminar has cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities which subject the Seminar to concentrations of credit risk. The Seminar mitigates this risk by evaluating the capital structure of the financial institutions which hold these deposits.

Reclassifications

Certain items from the prior year financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued the Accounting Standards Codification (Codification). Effective July 1, 2009, the Codification is the single source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by non-governmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Codification is intended to reorganize, rather than change, existing GAAP. Accordingly, all references to currently

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

existing GAAP have been removed and have been replaced with plain English explanations of the Seminar's accounting policies. The adoption of the Codification did not have a material impact on the Seminar's financial position or results of operations.

NOTE 2 - NET ASSETS

Net assets (deficit) consist of the following:

| | 2009 | 2008 | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Unrestricted Unrestricted Cumulative translation adjustments | \$ (11,973,741) (465,680) | \$ | (12,190,764) (11,701) | | |
| | \$ (12,439,421) | \$ | (12,202,465) | | |
| Temporarily restricted Contributions and gifts to support future sessions Contributions to support future sessions or to be | \$ 3,507,119 | \$ | 4,537,184 | | |
| reclassified to permanently restricted net assets Cumulative translation adjustments | 2,211,468 (33,540) | | 2,278,794 (36,400) | | |
| | \$ 5,685,047 | \$ | 6,779,578 | | |
| Permanently restricted Endowments Cumulative translation adjustments | \$ 16,676,671 560,484 | \$ | 16,338,335 481,505 | | |
| | \$ 17,237,155 | \$ | 16,819,840 | | |

During 1995, the Seminar received a \$10 million gift from a foundation, of which \$5 million was classified as permanently restricted net assets and \$5 million was classified as temporarily restricted net assets. When the Seminar raises \$10 million in matching endowment gifts, the \$5 million of temporarily restricted net assets will be reclassified to permanently restricted net assets. During 2009 and 2008, the Seminar received pledges and cash contributions which qualify as matching endowment gifts of \$155,532 and \$16,800, respectively. Accordingly, \$77,766 and \$8,400 were reclassified from temporarily restricted to permanently restricted net assets in the statement of activities in 2009 and 2008, respectively. Matching endowment gifts consist of gifts received and recorded in the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

statements of activities along with the unrecorded future value of unconditional and conditional gifts, including bequests and other conditional gifts totaling approximately \$680,000 as of December 31, 2009 and 2008. As of December 31, 2009 and 2008, the Seminar reported approximately \$5.6 million of matching endowment gifts toward the \$10 million goal.

Included in the permanently restricted net assets is a \$2 million gift for the Sasakawa Endowment Fund Program which supports fellowships and travel for individuals to attend sessions at the Seminar. Under terms of the <u>Agreement on the Sasakawa Endowment Fund between Salzburg Seminar and the Nippon Foundation</u> (the Agreement), the Seminar can expend up to ninety percent of the income earned annually. The Agreement also contains a provision that would allow the Nippon Foundation to recover unexpended funds if the Seminar does not comply with the terms of the Agreement. During 2009 and 2008, \$83,876 and \$206,897, respectively, of investment return was used for grant purposes and administrative expense in accordance with the Agreement.

NOTE 3 - ENDOWMENT FUNDS

The Seminar classifies net assets of donor-restricted endowment funds based on the interpretation of the Law of Massachusetts and according to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As required by GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Interpretation of Relevant Law

The Seminar interprets the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Acts (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowments funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Seminar classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of the gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified as permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Seminar in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

The changes in endowment net assets for the years ending December 31, 2009 and 2008 consisted of the following:

| | Unrestricted | | Temporarily restricted restricted | | Permanently restricted | | Total |
|--|--------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|------------|------------------|
| Endowment net assets, January 1, 2009 | \$ | (2,292,591) | \$ | 2,448,988 | \$ | 16,819,840 | \$ 16,976,237 |
| Investment return: Investment income Net appreciation (depreciation) | | 701,414 | | 19,811 | | (16,984) | 704,241 |
| (realized and unrealized) | | 968,900 | | 148,322 | | 168,523 | 1,285,745 |
| Total investment return | | 1,670,314 | | 168,133 | | 151,539 | 1,989,986 |
| Contributions | | - | | - | | 150,849 | 150,849 |
| Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure | | (985,576) | | (17,746) | | - | (1,003,322) |
| Net assets released from restriction | | 10,440 | | (77,766) | | 67,326 | - |
| Net present value adjustments to remainder trust | | 34,673 | | - | | - | 34,673 |
| Changes - foreign currency translation | | (13,026) | _ | 4,006 | _ | 47,601 | 38,581 |
| Endowment net assets, December 31, 2009 | \$ | (1,575,766) | \$ | 2,525,615 | \$ | 17,237,155 | \$ 18,187,004 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

| | Unrestricted | | Temporarily restricted | | Permanently restricted | | Total |
|--|--------------|-------------|------------------------|-----------|------------------------|------------|------------------|
| Endowment net assets, January 1, 2008 | \$ | 2,172,263 | \$ | 3,146,596 | \$ | 17,364,505 | \$ 22,683,364 |
| Investment return: Investment income Net appreciation (depreciation) | | 755,650 | | 20,778 | | 75,561 | 851,989 |
| (realized and unrealized) | | (4,239,829) | | (669,040) | | (481,914) | (5,390,783) |
| Total investment return | | (3,484,179) | | (648,262) | | (406,353) | (4,538,794) |
| Contributions | | - | | - | | 19,782 | 19,782 |
| Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure | | (989,421) | | (77,897) | | - | (1,067,318) |
| Net assets released from restriction | | - | | (8,400) | | 8,400 | - |
| Net present value adjustments to remainder trust | | (16,388) | | - | | - | (16,388) |
| Other changes - foreign currency translation | | 25,134 | | 36,951 | | (166,494) | (104,409) |
| Endowment net assets, December 31, 2008 | \$ | (2,292,591) | \$ | 2,448,988 | \$ | 16,819,840 | \$ 16,976,237 |

Funds with Deficiencies

From time-to-time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires the organization to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, deficiencies of this nature that are reported in unrestricted net assets were \$1,264,648 and \$2,079,166, as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. These deficiencies resulted from unfavorable market fluctuations that occurred during the year ending December 31, 2009 and 2008.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The Seminar's investment strategy as approved by the Board of Directors is to invest in a mixed portfolio of funds with the objective of principal growth and annual income return. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Directors, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce a real return (after inflation) of 5 percent annually on a rolling 12 quarter basis while assuming a minimal amount of risk. The Seminar expects its endowment funds, over time, to provide this annual rate of return. Actual returns in any given period may vary from this amount.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives

To satisfy its long term rate of return investment objectives, the Seminar relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The organization targets a diversified asset allocation that places an emphasis on income based investments and to a lesser extent equity investments to maximize income and to achieve long term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy

In 2009, with passage of UPMIFA legislation, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts authorized the use of endowment funds in situations deemed reasonable and prudent by an institution's governing board. As a result of this legislation, the Board of Directors authorized the Seminar to spend up to 3% of endowment corpus, excluding endowment investments with specified spending rates. This policy will be in effect until endowments exceed historic value. Any endowment that exceeds historic value will also spend a portion of accumulated gains up to a maximum spending rate of 5%. During 2009 and 2008, the difference between interest income and dividends and the total amount spent under the policy, funded by endowment corpus was \$375,000 in 2009 and \$263,636 in 2008.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

NOTE 4 - PLEDGES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Pledges outstanding at December 31, 2009 and 2008 are summarized as follows:

| | 2009 | 2008 |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| Unconditional promises expected to be collected in: Less than one year One year to five years Thereafter | \$ 1,035,566 465,000 182,329 | \$ 1,552,922 1,170,000 147,656 |
| Total gross pledges | 1,682,895 | 2,870,578 |
| Less: Discount to present value | (87,169) | (124,293) |
| Total pledges, net | \$ 1,595,726 | \$ 2,746,285 |

The discount to present value was calculated using discount factors based on U.S. Treasury Notes rates. Pledges greater than \$5,000 with a time period over one year are discounted. As of December 31, 2009 and 2008, management estimates that no allowance for uncollectible pledges is necessary.

Included in permanently restricted pledges receivable is \$135,007 for gifts that will be received upon the death of the donors. In 1999, one individual has pledged to donate \$100,000 upon his death. This is discounted using a 6% rate and 10 years for a receivable of \$52,679 as of December 31, 2009 and 2008. Another individual established a trust in 1998 which will become available upon the donor's death. The principal of the trust is \$81,712, which is held in marketable securities. The present value of the gift, based on a 6% rate for 10 years, assuming 5% income and 3% capital appreciation, is \$82,329 and \$47,656 as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

NOTE 5 - INVESTMENTS

Investments at December 31, 2009 and 2008 consisted of the following:

| | 2009 | | | | | 20 | 008 | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------|----------------------|----|----------------------|----|----------------------|-----|----------------------|--|--|
| | | Fair value | | Cost | | Fair value | | Cost | | |
| Cash equivalents Mutual funds in | \$ | 363,054 | \$ | 363,048 | \$ | 1,901,162 | \$ | 1,885,864 | | |
| the United States Mutual funds in | | 14,921,558 | | 14,248,483 | | 11,191,297 | | 12,492,978 | | |
| Austria Euro bonds | | 2,191,155 496,154 | | 2,104,985 425,848 | | 3,311,351 477,905 | | 3,235,289 427,423 | | |
| | \$ | 17,971,921 | \$ | 17,142,364 | \$ | 16,881,715 | \$ | 18,041,554 | | |

Cash equivalents represent money market instruments which are invested primarily in Euros. Mutual funds in the United States include domestic intermediate fixed income funds, as well as a blend of domestic and international stock funds which present opportunity for growth. Mutual funds in Austria include investments in two Euro denominated fixed income funds, one which invests primarily in longer term Austrian government fixed income securities and one which invests in intermediate term European fixed income securities. Euro bonds represent ownership of individual investment grade bonds with maturities ranging from less than one year to five years.

Total investment return for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 consisted of the following:

| | 2009 | 2008 | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|------|-------------|--|
| Interest income and dividends | \$ 704,240 | \$ | 851,990 | |
| Realized (loss) gain | (800,044) | | 206,962 | |
| Exchange gain (loss) | 3,088 | | (158,257) | |
| Unrealized gains (losses), net | 2,082,700 | | (5,439,488) | |
| Total investment return | \$ 1,989,984 | \$ | (4,538,793) | |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

Investment fees amounted to \$7,840 and \$6,816, respectively. Total investment return is net of investment fees.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment at December 31, 2009 and 2008 consisted of the following:

| | Estimated useful life in years | 2009 | 2008 |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Land | - | \$ 201,064 | \$ 196,259 |
| Buildings Schloss Loopoldskran | 10 - 50 | 1,482,005 | 1,342,298 |
| Schloss Leopoldskron Meierhof | 10 - 50 | 9,633,892 | 9,399,182 |
| Equipment | 4 - 10 | 792,312 | 737,710 |
| Leasehold improvements | 5 - 10 | 135,055 | 135,055 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | 12,244,328 (7,209,290) | 11,810,504 (6,657,634) | |
| Property and equipment, net | | \$ 5,035,038 | \$ 5,152,870 |

A component of the net change in fixed assets from December 31, 2009 and 2008 is the effect of foreign currency translation (see note 1).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

NOTE 7 - NOTES PAYABLE AND LINE OF CREDIT

Notes payable at December 31, 2009 and 2008 consisted of the following:

| | 2009 | 2008 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| Note payable (denominated in CHF) to an Austrian bank with interest payments though 2018, and principal payments beginning in 2009 and ending in 2018. Interest is at 3-month LIBOR plus 1.125% and .875% at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively (1.413% and 3.805% at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively). The loan is collateralized by investments and real estate in Austria. Note payable (denominated in Euros) to an Austrian bank with interest payments through 2016 and principal payments beginning in 2009 and ending in | \$ 2,653,208 | \$ 2,674,682 |
| 2016. Interest is at the Austrian Federal Ministry of Economic Affairs published rate (3.625% and 2.875% at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively). The loan is collateralized by | | |
| investments and real estate in Austria. | 2,193,475 | 2,222,608 |
| | \$ 4,846,683 | \$ 4,897,290 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

The principal repayment amounts due over the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

| 2010 | \$ 190,459 |
|------------|-----------------|
| 2011 | 391,196 |
| 2012 | 401,476 |
| 2013 | 411,757 |
| 2014 | 422,037 |
| Thereafter | 3,029,758 |
| | |
| | \$ 4,846,683 |

The Seminar has a revolving line of credit agreement with a U.S. bank. Interest on the line of credit is at LIBOR Advantage Rate + 1.25% (2.48% and 2.69% at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively) and the Seminar has available credit equal to 70% of the fair value of the eligible assets held in a custody account, not to exceed \$8,000,000. Eligible assets which collateralize the line of credit are subject to approval by the bank and total approximately \$11.6 million and \$10.8 million at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The Seminar's balance on the demand line of credit at December 31, 2009 and 2008 was \$7,136,648 and \$6,576,801, respectively. On January 19, 2010, the bank indicated that the demand facility has no explicit maturity date. Absent of payment demand by the lender the credit facility remains available to the Seminar.

The Seminar has an overdraft facility in Austria under which it pays interest at a variable rate of Euribor plus 1.25% (2.125% and 6.375% at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively). The written limits on this agreement are \$1,154,800. At December 31, 2009 and 2008, the Seminar had overdrafts relating to this agreement that totaled \$1,017,005 and \$917,099, respectively. The overdraft facility is collateralized by the real estate in Austria.

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Severance pay expense for Austrian employees amounted to \$23,236 and \$11,656 in 2009 and 2008, respectively, including \$7,056 and \$11,215 of foreign currency loss, respectively. The related accrual at December 31, 2009 and 2008 was \$270,656 and \$247,843, respectively, and is included as part of accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

During 2009, the seminar down sized its Middlebury office in response to the economic down turn. Severance pay expense for Middlebury employees in the amount of \$85,271 was

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

incurred, of which, \$52,996 remains payable as of December 31, 2009 and is included as part of accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The Seminar sponsors a defined contribution plan which covers substantially all United States employees. The Seminar contributes a fixed percentage of the employees' wages. The expense related to this plan and another benefit plan was approximately \$58,280 and \$120,010 in 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Under an agreement dated November 24, 1998, the Seminar is committed to providing compensation to an employee of the Seminar upon retirement for a period of six years. As of December 31, 2009 and 2008, \$187,951 and \$316,288, respectively, was accrued relating to these future payments and is included within accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Minimum future payments under the compensation agreement as of December 31, 2009 are as follows:

| 2010 | \$ 140,000 |
|------|---------------|
| 2011 | 71,000 |
| | _ |
| | \$ 211,000 |

NOTE 9 - LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Seminar has operating lease agreements for the rental of office space and equipment. The office space leases provide for minimum annual rent plus payments for real estate taxes and insurance. The lease agreement for the rental of office space in Middlebury, VT was terminated in 2010 (see note 15).

On January 31, 2006, the Seminar entered into a month-to-month sublease for an office suite in Washington, DC. During the tenancy of the premises, an annual 2.3% increase in the fixed monthly rental charges was effective each January. The monthly rent expense was \$2,137 and \$2,089 during 2009 and 2008, respectively. This lease was terminated in December 2009.

On December 11, 2009, the Seminar entered into a three year sublease agreement for an office suite in Washington, DC commencing on January 1, 2010. Rent is paid in monthly installments of \$4,300 and escalates each year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

Minimum future rental payments under these leases as of December 31, 2009 are as follows:

| 2010 | \$ 151,344 |
|------------|---------------|
| 2011 | 131,474 |
| 2012 | 88,079 |
| 2013 | 31,411 |
| 2014 | 20,085 |
| Thereafter | 20,085 |
| | |
| | \$ 442,478 |

Rent paid for office space and equipment amounted to \$152,032 and \$153,322 in 2009 and 2008, respectively, and is included in office expenses.

NOTE 10 - FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

Operating and non-operating expenses related to providing the services of the Seminar for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 are as follows:

| | 2009 | 2008 | | |
|---|--|------|--|--|
| Educational programs and projects Conference center Management and general Fundraising and reporting | \$ 3,465,832 3,602,109 1,060,590 325,588 | \$ | 4,275,360 3,729,556 1,316,457 538,192 | |
| | \$ 8,454,119 | \$ | 9,859,565 | |

NOTE 11 - RELATED PARTY

The Seminar holds investments in the Bond Fund of America, the Capital Income Builder Fund, the Euro Pacific Growth Fund and the Income Fund of America, all of which are funds managed by the Capital Group. A senior executive of the Capital Group is a member of the Board of Directors of the Seminar. As of December 31, 2009, the market values of these funds were \$6,083,689, \$4,812,222, \$2,220,360 and \$1,805,125, respectively. As of December 31, 2008, the market values of these funds were \$621,864, \$9,144,594, \$643,102, and \$781,737, respectively. The Board of Directors of the Seminar approved the initial and continuing investment in all investment funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

In 2005, Salzburg Global Seminar, Austria (formerly known as Salzburg Global Forum) was established as an independent Austrian association for the purpose of obtaining grants from the European Union for projects related to the "Institute for Historical Justice and Reconciliation." Both the Salzburg Global Seminar, Austria and the Seminar share some members of management and the Board of Directors. When a grant is received by the Salzburg Global Seminar, Austria, it contracts with the Seminar for work that arises from the implementation of the projects funded by the grant. The grants are reported as temporarily restricted revenue by the Seminar until the projects for which the grants were designated occurs. At that time, the temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restriction. Grants of \$0 and \$120,416 were received for the years ending December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

NOTE 12 - FOREIGN CURRENCY CONTRACTS

Salzburg Global Seminar enters into foreign exchange contracts to reduce the short-term effects of foreign currency fluctuations on its foreign currency cash flow requirements. A larger percentage of the organization's expenses are denominated in Euros than its revenues and as a result, the organization is subject to increases in cash outflows if the USD dollar weakens against the Euro. The Seminar also principally enters into contracts that allow it to participate in the strengthening of the USD at the time the contracts are executed.

The notional amount of foreign exchange forward exchange swap contracts outstanding is \$2,448,073 and \$3,365,066 as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The notional amount represents the future cash flows available to buy or sell Euros based on a predetermined exchange rate. The fair value of the contracts is a liability of \$40,517 and an asset of \$27,136 as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities and other assets, respectively. The corresponding unrealized loss in the amount of \$67,653 during 2009 and unrealized gain in the amount of \$27,136 during 2008 are recorded in other income.

NOTE 13 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Effective January 1, 2008, the Seminar has adopted accounting guidance establishing a framework for measuring fair value and expanding disclosures regarding related fair value measurements for its financial assets and liabilities. The guidance emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity specific measurement. Therefore, a fair value

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

measurement should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The guidance establishes a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable input be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs that the market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Seminar. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Seminar's assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. The hierarchy is measured in three levels based on the reliability of inputs:

Level 1- Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term through corroboration with observable market data. Level 2 includes investments valued at quoted prices adjusted for legal or contractual restrictions specific to the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 - Pricing inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability, that is, inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

In instances where the determination of fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the fair value measurement will fall within the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

The following table presents the fair value of assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis at December 31, 2009:

| | Level 1 Level 2 | | Level 3 | | Net balance | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|----|----------|----|-------------|----|------------|
| Cash and cash | | | | | | | |
| equivalents | \$ 363,054 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 363,054 |
| Mutual funds in the | | | | | | | |
| United States | 14,921,558 | | - | | - | | 14,921,558 |
| Mutual funds in | | | | | | | |
| Austria | 2,191,155 | | - | | - | | 2,191,155 |
| Euro bonds | 496,154 | | - | | - | | 496,154 |
| Foreign currency | | | | | | | |
| exchange swap | | | | | | | |
| contracts | | | (40,517) | | | | (40,517) |
| Total | \$ 17,971,921 | \$ | (40,517) | \$ | - | \$ | 17,931,404 |

The following table presents the fair value of assets measured on a recurring basis at December 31, 2008:

| | Level 1 | | Level 2 | Level 3 | | Net balance | |
|---|----------------------|----|---------|---------|---|-------------|----------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents Mutual funds in the | \$ 1,901,162 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,901,162 |
| United States Mutual funds in | 11,191,297 | | - | | - | | 11,191,297 |
| Austria Euro bonds Foreign currency | 3,311,351 477,905 | | - | | - | | 3,311,351 477,905 |
| exchange swap contracts | | | 27,136 | | | | 27,136 |
| Total | 16,881,715 | \$ | 27,136 | \$ | | \$ | 16,908,851 |

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCY

Management has identified a potential payroll tax liability related to three United States employees who are resident in Austria. Only one of these employees remains with the Seminar as of December 31, 2009. A \$100,000 reserve was recorded as of December 31,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2009 and 2008

2009 and 2008 related to this potential liability. There has been no resolution to this potential liability as of December 31, 2009.

The dismissal of one Austrian employee is being challenged due to social hardship. The Seminar is vigorously contesting this claim. The likelihood that the Seminar will sustain a loss, and the amount of any such loss, cannot be estimated at this time, and therefore, no liability for such potential loss has been accrued.

The Seminar recognizes grant revenue from government agencies based on actual costs incurred and reimbursable expenses from the granting agencies. These costs are subject to review by the officials of the European Union and U.S. government, and ultimate realization of revenue recognized is contingent upon the outcome of such review. In the opinion of management, adequate provisions have been made in the accompanying financial statements for adjustments, if any, which may result from review.

NOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the balance sheet date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the balance sheet date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management evaluated the activity of the Seminar through June 9, 2010 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) and concluded that the following subsequent events require disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

On February 8, 2010, the Seminar entered into a three-year lease agreement with an educational institution for office space in Middlebury, Vermont commencing on March 1, 2010. In lieu of rent the Seminar will provide the educational institution with four fellowships for each lease year.

On March 25, 2010, the Seminar amended an agreement with a former employee of the Seminar (see note 7). Under the amended agreement, the remaining two years of compensation shall be extended to three years and compensation in total shall not change.

On May 13, 2010, the Seminar received a \$500,000 loan from a related party. The loan has a two year term and earns interest at 2% per annum.